# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: FREINAGE ULTRA FAIBLE

Product code: 299.

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Blocking Fixing

Professional use

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: ORAPI.

Address: PARC INDUSTRIEL DE LA PLAINE DE L'AIN - 225 ALLEE DES CEDRES.01150.SAINT-VULBAS.FRANCE.

Telephone: 33-(0)4-74-40-20-20. Fax: 33-(0)4-74-40-20-21.

fds@orapi.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: 33-(0)1-45-42-59-59.

Association/Organisation: INRS.

### Other emergency numbers

Emergency Action: In the event of a medical enquiry involving this product, please contact your doctor or local hospital accident and emergency department.

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS07

Signal Word : WARNING

Product identifiers:

EC 212-782-2 2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE EC 204-055-3 2'-PHENYLACETOHYDRAZIDE

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008 Note		%	
CAS: 868-77-9	GHS07		10 <= x % < 25	
EC: 212-782-2	Wng			
REACH: 01-2119490169-29	Skin Irrit. 2, H315			
	Skin Sens. 1, H317			
2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	Eye Irrit. 2, H319			
CAS: 80-15-9	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02		0 <= x % < 2.5	
EC: 201-254-7	Dgr			
REACH: 01-2119475796-19	Self-react. E, H242			
	Org. Perox. E, H242			
ALPHA ,ALPHA-DIMETHYLBENZYL	Acute Tox. 4, H302			
HYDROPEROXIDE	Acute Tox. 4, H312			
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314			
	Acute Tox. 3, H331			
	STOT SE 3, H335			
	STOT RE 2, H373			
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411			
CAS: 115-86-6	GHS09	[1]	0 <= x % < 2.5	
EC: 204-112-2	Wng			
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411			
TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE	Aquatic Acute 1, H400			
	M Acute = 1			
CAS: 114-83-0	GHS06		0 <= x % < 2.5	
EC: 204-055-3	Dgr			
	Acute Tox. 3, H301			
2'-PHENYLACETOHYDRAZIDE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315			
	Skin Sens. 1, H317			
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319			
	STOT SE 3, H335			

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

# Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# In the event of exposure by inhalation :

Bring to the fresh air.

Consult a physician in case of disorder.

# In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Consult a specialist

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

Consult a doctor in the event of irritation.

### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

Do not induce vomiting.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- foam
- powder

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

## For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothings.

Do not breathe vapours, fumes and fog.

## Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

## Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep the container away from heat, bad weather, dampness and freezing. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place.

### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits:

- France (INRS - ED984:2016):

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:	
115-86-6	-	3	-	-	-	-	

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
115-86-6	- ppm	- ppm			
	3 mg/m³	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

# Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 868-77-9)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.3 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 4.9 mg de substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.83 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.83 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2.9 mg de substance/m3

# 8.2. Exposure controls

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### - Respiratory protection

In the event of insufficient ventilation, carry a respiratory apparatus of protection.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### General information:

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.	
Important health, safety and environmental information		
pH:	Not relevant.	
Boiling point/boiling range :	Not relevant.	
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.	
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Not relevant.	
Density:	Not stated.	
Water solubility:	Insoluble.	
Melting point/melting range :	Not relevant.	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.	
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.	

## 9.2. Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- flames and hot surfaces
- heat
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- exposure to light
- sources of ignition

The product polymerizes in absence of oxygen

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- oxidising agents
- reducing agents
- acids
- bases
- amines
- radical initiators

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

### 11.1.1. Substances

## Acute toxicity:

2'-PHENYLACETOHYDRAZIDE (CAS: 114-83-0)

Oral route : LD50 = 270 mg/kg

Species: Mouse

ALPHA ,ALPHA-DIMETHYLBENZYL HYDROPEROXIDE (CAS: 80-15-9) Oral route : LD50 = 382 mg/kg

Species: Rat

### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.1.1. Substances

TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE (CAS: 115-86-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 0.28 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

NOEC = 0.04 mg/l

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 0.86 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.6 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

ALPHA ,ALPHA-DIMETHYLBENZYL HYDROPEROXIDE (CAS: 80-15-9) Fish toxicity : LC50 = 3.9 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

## 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE (CAS: 115-86-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

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ALPHA, ALPHA-DIMETHYLBENZYL HYDROPEROXIDE (CAS: 80-15-9)

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

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## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

- 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2017/776 (ATP 10)

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H242	Heating may cause a fire.		
H301	Toxic if swallowed.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H302 + H312	Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.		
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		

### Abbreviations:

**DNEL**: Derived No-Effect Level

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS07: Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.